#### §814.114

- (2) FDA determines that there is a comparable device available (other than another HUD approved under this subpart or a device under an approved IDE) to treat or diagnose the disease or condition for which approval of the HUD is being sought; or
- (3) The application contains an untrue statement of material fact or omits material information.
- (4) The HDE is not accompanied by a statement of either certification or disclosure, or both, as required by part 54 of this chapter.
- (b) The provisions contained in §814.42(b), (c), and (d) regarding notification of filing decisions, filing dates, the start of the 75-day review period, and applicant's options in response to FDA refuse to file decisions shall apply to HDE's.

[61 FR 33244, June 26, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 5254, Feb. 2, 1998; 63 FR 59221, Nov. 3, 1998]

# §814.114 Timeframes for reviewing an HDE.

Within 75 days after receipt of an HDE that is accepted for filing and to which the applicant does not submit a major amendment, FDA shall send the applicant an approval order, an approvable letter, a not approvable letter (under §814.116), or an order denying approval (under §814.118).

[63 FR 59221, Nov. 3, 1998]

# §814.116 Procedures for review of an HDE.

(a) Substantive review. FDA will begin substantive review of an HDE after the HDE is accepted for filing under §814.112. FDA may refer an original HDE application to a panel on its own initiative, and shall do so upon the request of an applicant, unless FDA determines that the application substantially duplicates information previously reviewed by a panel. If the HDE is referred to a panel, the agency shall follow the procedures set forth under §814.44, with the exception that FDA will complete its review of the HDE and the advisory committee report and recommendations within 75 days from receipt of an HDE that is accepted for filing under §814.112 or the date of filing as determined under §814.106, whichever is later. Within the later of these two timeframes, FDA will issue an approval order under paragraph (b) of this section, an approvable letter under paragraph (c) of this section, a not approvable letter under paragraph (d) of this section, or an order denying approval of the application under §814.118(a).

- (b) Approval order. FDA will issue to the applicant an order approving an HDE if none of the reasons in \$814 118 for denying approval of the application applies. FDA will approve an application on the basis of draft final labeling if the only deficiencies in the application concern editorial or similar minor deficiencies in the draft final labeling. Such approval will be conditioned upon the applicant incorporating the specified labeling changes exactly as directed and upon the applicant submitting to FDA a copy of the final printed labeling before marketing. The notice of approval of an HDE will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER in accordance with the rules and policies applicable to PMA's submitted under §814.20. Following the issuance of an approval order, data and information in the HDE file will be available for public disclosure in accordance with §814.9(b) through (h), as applicable.
- (c) Approvable letter. FDA will send the applicant an approvable letter if the application substantially meets the requirements of this subpart and the agency believes it can approve the application if specific additional information is submitted or specific conditions are agreed to by the applicant. The approvable letter will describe the information FDA requires to be provided by the applicant or the conditions the applicant is required to meet to obtain approval. For example, FDA may require as a condition to approval:
- (1) The submission of certain information identified in the approvable letter, e.g., final labeling;
- (2) Restrictions imposed on the device under section 520(e) of the act;
- (3) Postapproval requirements as described in subpart E of this part; and
- (4) An FDA inspection that finds the manufacturing facilities, methods, and controls in compliance with part 820 of this chapter and, if applicable, that verifies records pertinent to the HDE.

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- (d) Not approvable letter. FDA will send the applicant a not approvable letter if the agency believes that the application may not be approved for one or more of the reasons given in §814.118. The not approvable letter will describe the deficiencies in the application and, where practical, will identify measures required to place the HDE in approvable form. The applicant may respond to the not approvable letter in the same manner as permitted for not approvable letters for PMA's under §814.44(f), with the exception that if a major HDE amendment is submitted, the review period may be extended up to 75 days.
- (e) FDA will consider an HDE to have been withdrawn voluntarily if:
- (1) The applicant fails to respond in writing to a written request for an amendment within 75 days after the date FDA issues such request;
- (2) The applicant fails to respond in writing to an approvable or not approvable letter within 75 days after the date FDA issues such letter; or
- (3) The applicant submits a written notice to FDA that the HDE has been withdrawn.

 $[61\ FR\ 33244,\ June\ 26,\ 1996,\ as\ amended\ at\ 63\ FR\ 59221,\ Nov.\ 3,\ 1998]$ 

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 79 FR 1741, Jan. 10, 2014, §814.116 was amended by redesignating paragraphs (c)(2) through (c)(4) as paragraphs (c)(3) through (c)(5), respectively, and adding new paragraph (c)(2), effective Apr. 10, 2014. For the convenience of the user, the added text is set forth as follows:

## \$814.116 Procedures for review of an HDE.

\* \* \* \* \*

(c) \* \* \*

(2) The submission of additional information concerning pediatric uses of the device, as required by §814.20(b)(13);

\* \* \* \* \* \*

#### §814.118 Denial of approval or withdrawal of approval of an HDE.

(a) FDA may deny approval or withdraw approval of an application if the applicant fails to meet the requirements of section 520(m) of the act or of this part, or of any condition of approval imposed by an IRB or by FDA, or any postapproval requirements im-

posed under §814.126. In addition, FDA may deny approval or withdraw approval of an application if, upon the basis of the information submitted in the HDE or any other information before the agency, FDA determines that:

- (1) There is a lack of a showing of reasonable assurance that the device is safe under the conditions of use prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the labeling thereof;
- (2) The device is ineffective under the conditions of use prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the labeling thereof;
- (3) The applicant has not demonstrated that there is a reasonable basis from which to conclude that the probable benefit to health from the use of the device outweighs the risk of injury or illness, taking into account the probable risks and benefits of currently available devices or alternative forms of treatment:
- (4) The application or a report submitted by or on behalf of the applicant contains an untrue statement of material fact, or omits material information:
- (5) The device's labeling does not comply with the requirements in part 801 or part 809 of this chapter;
- (6) A nonclinical laboratory study that is described in the HDE and that is essential to show that the device is safe for use under the conditions prescribed, recommended, or suggested in its proposed labeling, was not conducted in compliance with the good laboratory practice regulations in part 58 of this chapter and no reason for the noncompliance is provided or, if it is, the differences between the practices used in conducting the study and the good laboratory practice regulations do not support the validity of the study;
- (7) Any clinical investigation involving human subjects described in the HDE, subject to the institutional review board regulations in part 56 of this chapter or the informed consent regulations in part 50 of this chapter, was not conducted in compliance with those regulations such that the rights or safety of human subjects were not adequately protected;
- (8) The applicant does not permit an authorized FDA employee an opportunity to inspect at a reasonable time